Transfer Learning with Copulas

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Transfer Learning, Copulas... How?

- Motivation: Related natural systems may have similar dependencies between their inputs.
- Transfer Learning methods use previously gained knowledge to improve future learning processes.
- Copulas describe the full dependence structure between the marginal distributions of a multivariate model.
- Idea: Learn a common copula model for a set of tasks.
 Let the marginals vary freely.
 Use this copula to predict new points.

Empirical validation with real-world data

- Source task data, $\mathcal{D}_s = \{(x_i^{(s)}, y_i^{(s)})\}_{i=1}^{1000}$
- Target task data, $\mathcal{D}_t = \{(x_i^{(t)}, y_i^{(t)})\}_{i=1}^{10}$
- Copula \hat{c} is fitted with $PIT(\mathcal{D}_s) \cup PIT(\mathcal{D}_t)^*$
- Estimation using: $\hat{p}(y_t|x_t) = \hat{p}(y_t)\hat{c}(\hat{P}(x_t), \hat{P}(y_t))$
- SVM Regression is outperformed:

Abalone Avg. Test Error	
G. Copula	$0.011 {\pm} 0.023$
K. Copula	$0.007{\pm}0.001$
SVM_t	$0.015 {\pm} 0.004$
SVM_{s+t}	$1.108 {\pm} 0.139$

- Semi-supervised learning is easy with Copulas!

^{*} Non-parametrically, using kernel density estimations.