## Is Case Universally Required?

#### Possible situations:

### (1) All nouns have morphological Case (in some, nominative is $\emptyset$ )

Malayalam (Dravidian, SW India)

Puucca eliy- e tinnu.

cat.NOM rat- ACC ate

'The cat ate the rat.'

**Tagalog** 

Mag- aalis ang tindero ng bigas sa sako.

AGT- take.out NOM storekeeper ACC rice DAT sack

'The storekeeper will take some rice out of a/the sack.'

### (2) Only pronouns have morphological Case

English

a. They (NOM) scared me (ACC).

b. The students scared the professor.

# (3) No marking on the nouns ("dependent marking"), but the verb has markers that cross-reference (or agree with) the argument noun phrases ("head marking")

Tzotzil (Mayan, southern Mexico)

?I- Ø- s- pet lok'el ?anc ti t'ule.

ASP- 3OBJ- 3SUBJ- carry away woman the rabbit

'The rabbit carried away the woman.'

#### (4) No morphological marking of any kind

Indonesian

Saya membantu anda. Anda membantu saya. I help you you help I 'I help you.' 'You help me.'

Mandarin Chinese

Tā yǐjing zuò- wán gōngkè le.

3SG already do- finish homework CURR.RELVNT

'S/He's already finished his/her homework.'

Vietnamese

Khi tôi đến nhà bạn tôi, chúng tôi bắt đầu làm bài. when I come house friend I PL I begin do lessons

'When I came to my friend's house, we began to do lessons.'

<u>Malagasy</u>

Nahita ny mpianatra ny vehivavy.

saw the student the woman

'The woman saw the student.'

Welsh

Lladdodd y ddraig y dyn.

killed the dragon the man

'The dragon killed the man.'